

# 12-Mbit (512 K × 24) Static RAM

#### **Features**

- High speed
  □ t<sub>AA</sub> = 10 ns
- Low active power
  □ I<sub>CC</sub> = 175 mA at 10 ns
- Low CMOS standby power
  □ I<sub>SB2</sub> = 25 mA
- Operating voltages of 3.3 ± 0.3V
- 2.0V data retention
- Automatic power down when deselected
- TTL compatible inputs and outputs
- Available in Pb-free standard 119-ball PBGA

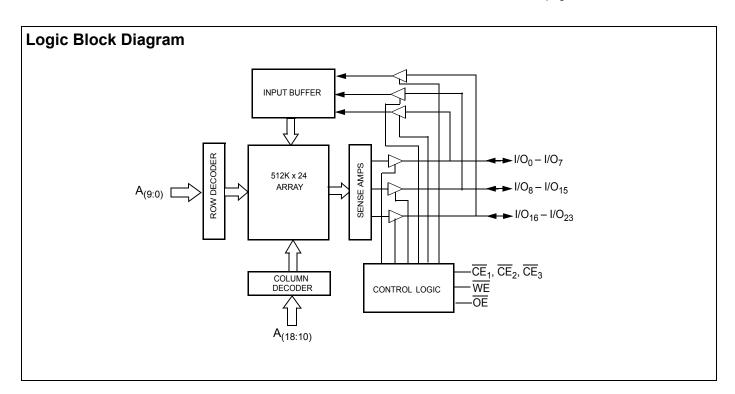
### **Functional Description**

The CY7C1012DV33 is a high performance CMOS static RAM organized as 512K words by 24 bits. Each <u>data byte</u> is sepa<u>rately controlled</u> by the individual chip selects ( $\overline{CE}_1$ ,  $\overline{CE}_2$ , and  $\overline{CE}_3$ ).  $\overline{CE}_1$  controls the data on <u>the</u>  $I/O_0 - I/O_7$ , while  $\overline{CE}_2$  controls the data on  $I/O_8 - I/O_{15}$ , and  $\overline{CE}_3$  controls the data on the data pins  $I/O_{16} - I/O_{23}$ . This device has an automatic power down feature that significantly reduces power consumption when deselected.

Writing the data bytes into the SRAM is accomplished when the chip select controlling that byte is LOW and the write enable input (WE) input is LOW. Data on the respective input and output (I/O) pins is then written into the location specified on the address pins ( $A_0 - A_{18}$ ). Asserting all of the chip selects LOW and write enable LOW writes all 24 bits of data into the SRAM. Output enable ( $\overline{OE}$ ) is ignored while in WRITE mode.

Data bytes are also individually read from the device. Reading a byte is accomplished when the chip select controlling that byte is LOW and write enable (WE) HIGH, while output enable (OE) remains LOW. Under these conditions, the contents of the memory location specified on the address pins appear on the specified data input and output (I/O) pins. Asserting all the chip selects LOW reads all 24 bits of data from the SRAM.

The 24 I/O pins (I/O $_0$  – I/O $_{23}$ ) are placed in a high impedance state when all the chip selects are HIGH or when the output enable ( $\overline{\text{OE}}$ ) is HIGH during a READ mode. For more information, see the Truth Table on page 8.



[+] Feedback



## **Selection Guide**

Description	-10	Unit
Maximum Access Time	10	ns
Maximum Operating Current	175	mA
Maximum CMOS Standby Current	25	mA

# **Pin Configuration**

Figure 1. 119-Ball PBGA (Top View) [1]

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Α	NC	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	NC
В	NC	Α	Α	Œ <sub>1</sub>	Α	Α	NC
С	I/O <sub>12</sub>	NC	CE <sub>2</sub>	NC	CE <sub>3</sub>	NC	I/O <sub>0</sub>
D	I/O <sub>13</sub>	$V_{DD}$	$V_{SS}$	$V_{SS}$	V <sub>SS</sub>	$V_{DD}$	I/O <sub>1</sub>
E	I/O <sub>14</sub>	$V_{SS}$	$V_{DD}$	$V_{SS}$	$V_{DD}$	$V_{SS}$	I/O <sub>2</sub>
F	I/O <sub>15</sub>	$V_{DD}$	$V_{SS}$	$V_{SS}$	V <sub>SS</sub>	$V_{DD}$	I/O <sub>3</sub>
G	I/O <sub>16</sub>	$V_{SS}$	$V_{DD}$	$V_{SS}$	$V_{DD}$	$V_{SS}$	I/O <sub>4</sub>
Н	I/O <sub>17</sub>	$V_{DD}$	$V_{SS}$	$V_{SS}$	V <sub>SS</sub>	$V_{DD}$	I/O <sub>5</sub>
J	NC	$V_{SS}$	$V_{DD}$	$V_{SS}$	$V_{DD}$	$V_{SS}$	NC
K	I/O <sub>18</sub>	$V_{DD}$	$V_{SS}$	$V_{SS}$	V <sub>SS</sub>	$V_{DD}$	I/O <sub>6</sub>
L	I/O <sub>19</sub>	$V_{SS}$	$V_{DD}$	$V_{SS}$	$V_{DD}$	$V_{SS}$	I/O <sub>7</sub>
M	I/O <sub>20</sub>	$V_{DD}$	$V_{SS}$	$V_{SS}$	$V_{SS}$	$V_{DD}$	I/O <sub>8</sub>
N	I/O <sub>21</sub>	$V_{SS}$	$V_{DD}$	$V_{SS}$	$V_{DD}$	$V_{SS}$	I/O <sub>9</sub>
Р	I/O <sub>22</sub>	$V_{DD}$	$V_{SS}$	$V_{SS}$	V <sub>SS</sub>	$V_{DD}$	I/O <sub>10</sub>
R	I/O <sub>23</sub>	Α	NC	NC	NC	Α	I/O <sub>11</sub>
Т	NC	Α	Α	WE	Α	Α	NC
U	NC	Α	Α	ŌĒ	А	Α	NC

Note
1. NC pins are not connected on the die.



## **Maximum Ratings**

Exceeding maximum ratings may impair the useful life of the device. These user guidelines are not tested. Storage Temperature ......-65°C to +150°C Ambient Temperature with Power Applied ...... –55°C to +125°C Supply Voltage on  $V_{CC}$  Relative to GND  $^{[2]}$ ....–0.5V to +4.6V DC Input Voltage [2] ......-0.5V to V<sub>CC</sub> + 0.5V

Current into Outputs (LOW)	20 mA
Static Discharge Voltage	>2001V
(MIL-STD-883, Method 3015)	
Latch Up Current	>200 mA

## **Operating Range**

Range	Ambient Temperature	V <sub>CC</sub>
Industrial	–40°C to +85°C	$3.3V\pm0.3V$

## DC Electrical Characteristics Over the Operating Range

Parameter	Description	Test Conditions [3]	_	-10		
Parameter	Description	rest conditions (7	Min	Max	Unit	
V <sub>OH</sub>	Output HIGH Voltage	V <sub>CC</sub> = Min, I <sub>OH</sub> = -4.0 mA	2.4		V	
V <sub>OL</sub>	Output LOW Voltage	V <sub>CC</sub> = Min, I <sub>OL</sub> = 8.0 mA		0.4	V	
V <sub>IH</sub>	Input HIGH Voltage		2.0	V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.3	V	
V <sub>IL</sub> [2]	Input LOW Voltage		-0.3	0.8	V	
I <sub>IX</sub>	Input Leakage Current	$GND \le V_1 \le V_{CC}$	-1	+1	μΑ	
I <sub>OZ</sub>	Output Leakage Current	GND $\leq$ V <sub>OUT</sub> $\leq$ V <sub>CC</sub> , output disabled	-1	+1	μΑ	
I <sub>CC</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> Operating Supply Current	V <sub>CC</sub> = Max, f = f <sub>MAX</sub> = 1/t <sub>RC</sub> I <sub>OUT</sub> = 0 mA CMOS levels		175	mA	
I <sub>SB1</sub>	Automatic CE Power Down Current —TTL Inputs	$\begin{aligned} &\text{Max V}_{\text{CC}}, \overline{\text{CE}} \geq \text{V}_{\text{IH}} \\ &\text{V}_{\text{IN}} \geq \text{V}_{\text{IH}} \text{ or V}_{\text{IN}} \leq \text{V}_{\text{IL}}, \text{f = f}_{\text{MAX}} \end{aligned}$		30	mA	
I <sub>SB2</sub>	Automatic CE Power Down Current —CMOS Inputs	$\begin{aligned} &\text{Max V}_{CC}, \ \overline{\text{CE}} \geq \text{V}_{CC} - 0.3\text{V}, \\ &\text{V}_{\text{IN}} \geq \text{V}_{CC} - 0.3\text{V}, \text{ or V}_{\text{IN}} \leq 0.3\text{V}, \text{ f} = 0 \end{aligned}$		25	mA	

Document Number: 38-05610 Rev. \*E Page 3 of 12

V<sub>IL</sub> (min) = -2.0V and V<sub>IH</sub>(max) = V<sub>CC</sub> + 2V for pulse durations of less than 20 ns.
 \overline{CE}\_1 indicates a combination of all three chip enables. When active LOW, \overline{CE} indicates the \overline{CE}\_1 or \overline{CE}\_2, or \overline{CE}\_3 is LOW. When HIGH, \overline{CE} indicates the \overline{CE}\_1, \overline{CE}\_2, and \overline{CE}\_3 are HIGH.



## Capacitance

Tested initially and after any design or process changes that may affect these parameters.

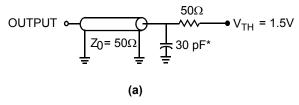
Parameter	Description	Test Conditions	Max	Unit
C <sub>IN</sub>	Input Capacitance	$T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ , $f = 1$ MHz, $V_{CC} = 3.3V$	8	pF
C <sub>OUT</sub>	I/O Capacitance		10	pF

### **Thermal Resistance**

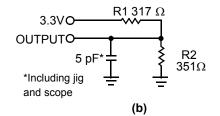
Tested initially and after any design or process changes that may affect these parameters.

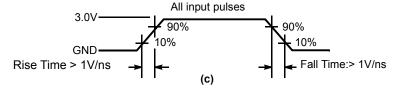
Parameter	Description	Description Test Conditions		Unit
- 3/1		Still air, soldered on a 3 × 4.5 inch, four layer printed circuit board	20.31	°C/W
- 30	Thermal Resistance (junction to case)		8.35	°C/W

Figure 2. AC Test Loads and Waveforms<sup>[4]</sup>



\*Capacitive Load consists of all components of the test environment





Document Number: 38-05610 Rev. \*E

Valid SRAM operation does not occur until the power supplies have reached the minimum operating V<sub>DD</sub> (3.0V). 100 μs (t<sub>power</sub>) after reaching the minimum operating V<sub>DD</sub>, normal SRAM operation begins including reduction in V<sub>DD</sub> to the data retention (V<sub>CCDR</sub>, 2.0V) voltage.



## **AC Switching Characteristics**

Over the Operating Range [5]

Devenuetes	Decarintian	_	-10		
Parameter	Description	Min	Max	Unit	
Read Cycle	•	<u>'</u>	•	•	
t <sub>power</sub> [6]	V <sub>CC</sub> (Typical) to the First Access	100		μS	
t <sub>RC</sub>	Read Cycle Time	10		ns	
t <sub>AA</sub>	Address to Data Valid		10	ns	
t <sub>OHA</sub>	Data Hold from Address Change	3		ns	
t <sub>ACE</sub>	CE Active LOW to Data Valid [3]		10	ns	
t <sub>DOE</sub>	OE LOW to Data Valid		5	ns	
t <sub>LZOE</sub>	OE LOW to Low Z [7]	1		ns	
t <sub>HZOE</sub>	OE HIGH to High Z [7]		5	ns	
t <sub>LZCE</sub>	CE Active LOW to Low Z [3, 7]	3		ns	
t <sub>HZCE</sub>	CE Deselect HIGH to High Z [3, 7]		5	ns	
t <sub>PU</sub>	CE Active LOW to Power Up [3, 8]	0		ns	
t <sub>PD</sub>	CE Deselect HIGH to Power Down [3, 8]		10	ns	
Write Cycle [9, 10]	•		•		
t <sub>WC</sub>	Write Cycle Time	10		ns	
t <sub>SCE</sub>	CE Active LOW to Write End [3]	7		ns	
t <sub>AW</sub>	Address Setup to Write End	7		ns	
t <sub>HA</sub>	Address Hold from Write End	0		ns	
t <sub>SA</sub>	Address Setup to Write Start	0		ns	
t <sub>PWE</sub>	WE Pulse Width	7		ns	
t <sub>SD</sub>	Data Setup to Write End	5.5		ns	
t <sub>HD</sub>	Data Hold from Write End	0		ns	
t <sub>LZWE</sub>	WE HIGH to Low Z [7]	3		ns	
t <sub>HZWE</sub>	WE LOW to High Z [7]		5	ns	

#### Notes

<sup>5.</sup> Test conditions assume signal transition time of 3 ns or less, timing reference levels of 1.5V, and input pulse levels of 0 to 3.0V. Test conditions for the read cycle use output loading as shown in part a) of Figure 2, unless specified otherwise.

output loading as shown in part a) of Figure 2, unless specified otherwise. 

\$t\_{POWER}\$ gives the minimum amount of time that the power supply is at typical V\_CC values until the first memory access is performed. 

\$t\_{HZOE}\$, \$t\_{HZCE}\$, \$t\_{HZWE}\$, \$t\_{LZOE}\$, \$t\_{LZCE}\$, and \$t\_{LZWE}\$ are specified with a load capacitance of 5 pF as in part (b) of Figure 2. Transition is measured ±200 mV from steady state voltage. 

These parameters are guaranteed by design and are not tested. 

The internal write time of the memory is defined by the overlap of \$\overline{CE}\_1\$ or \$\overline{CE}\_2\$ o

<sup>10.</sup> The minimum write cycle time for Write Cycle No. 3 ( $\overline{\text{WE}}$  controlled,  $\overline{\text{OE}}$  LOW) is the sum of  $t_{\text{HZWE}}$  and  $t_{\text{SD}}$ .

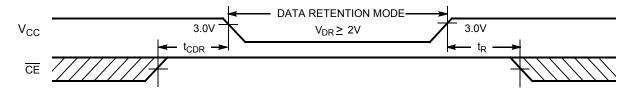


### **Data Retention Characteristics**

Over the Operating Range

Parameter	Description	Conditions [3]	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
$V_{DR}$	V <sub>CC</sub> for Data Retention		2			V
CCDK	Data Retention Current	$V_{CC} = 2V, \overline{CE} \ge V_{CC} - 0.2V,$ $V_{IN} \ge V_{CC} - 0.2V \text{ or } V_{IN} \le 0.2V$			25	mA
t <sub>CDR</sub> [11]	Chip Deselect to Data Retention Time		0			ns
t <sub>R</sub> <sup>[12]</sup>	Operation Recovery Time		t <sub>RC</sub>			ns

## **Data Retention Waveform**



# **Switching Waveforms**

Figure 3. Read Cycle No. 1 [13, 14]

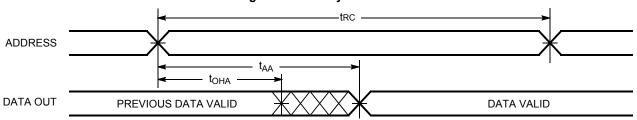
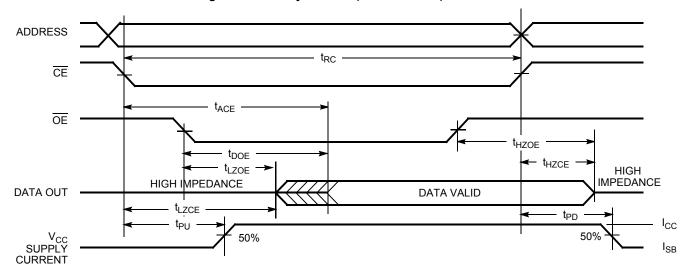


Figure 4. Read Cycle No. 2 (OE Controlled) [3, 14, 15]



- 11. Tested initially and after any design or process changes that may affect these parameters.
- 12. Full device operation requires linear  $V_{CC}$  ramp from  $V_{DR}$  to  $V_{CC(min)} \ge 50$   $\mu s$  or stable at  $V_{CC(min)} \ge 50$   $\mu s$ .

  13. Device is continuously selected.  $\overline{OE}$ ,  $\overline{CE} = V_{IL}$ .
- 14. WE is HIGH for read cycle.
- 15. Address valid before or similar to  $\overline{\text{CE}}$  transition LOW.



## **Switching Waveforms** (continued)

Figure 5. Write Cycle No. 1 (CE Controlled) [3, 16, 17]

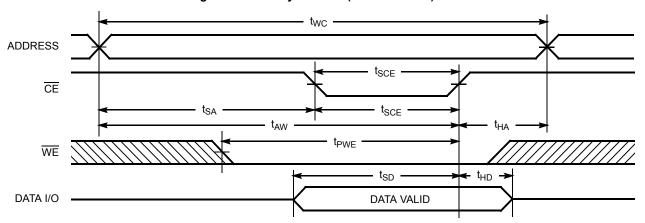


Figure 6. Write Cycle No. 2 (WE Controlled, OE HIGH During Write) [3, 16, 17]

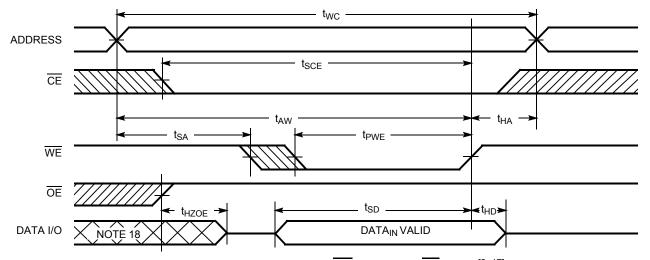
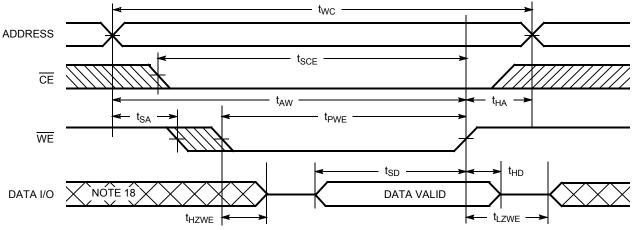


Figure 7. Write Cycle No. 3 (WE Controlled, OE LOW) [3, 17]



#### Notes

- 16. Data I/O is high impedance if OE = V<sub>IH</sub>.
  17. If CE goes HIGH simultaneously with WE going HIGH, the output remains in a high impedance state.
  18. During this period, the I/Os are in output state. Do not apply input signals.



# **Truth Table**

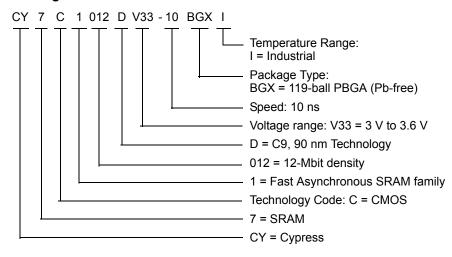
CE <sub>1</sub>	CE <sub>2</sub>	CE <sub>3</sub>	OE	WE	I/O <sub>0</sub> – I/O <sub>7</sub>	I/O <sub>8</sub> – I/O <sub>15</sub>	I/O <sub>16</sub> - I/O <sub>23</sub>	Mode	Power
Н	Н	Н	Х	Х	High Z	High Z	High Z	Power Down	Standby (I <sub>SB</sub> )
L	Н	Н	L	Н	Data Out	High Z	High Z	Read	Active (I <sub>CC</sub> )
Н	L	Н	L	Н	High Z	Data Out	High Z	Read	Active (I <sub>CC</sub> )
Н	Н	L	L	Н	High Z	High Z	Data Out	Read	Active (I <sub>CC</sub> )
L	L	L	L	Н	Full Data Out	Full Data Out	Full Data Out	Read	Active (I <sub>CC</sub> )
L	Н	Н	Х	L	Data In	High Z	High Z	Write	Active (I <sub>CC</sub> )
Н	L	Н	Х	L	High Z	Data In	High Z	Write	Active (I <sub>CC</sub> )
Н	Н	L	Х	L	High Z	High Z	Data In	Write	Active (I <sub>CC</sub> )
L	L	L	Х	L	Full Data In	Full Data In	Full Data In	Write	Active (I <sub>CC</sub> )
L	L	L	Н	Н	High Z	High Z	High Z	Selected, Outputs Disabled	Active (I <sub>CC</sub> )



# **Ordering Information**

Speed (ns)	Ordering Code	Package Name	Package Type	Operating Range
10	CY7C1012DV33-10BGXI	51-85115	119-ball Plastic Ball Grid Array (14 x 22 x 2.4 mm) (Pb-free)	Industrial

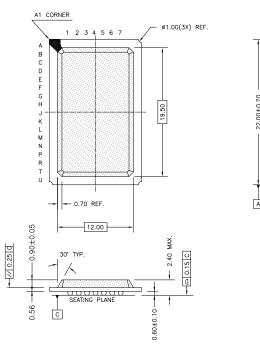
## **Ordering Code Definitions**

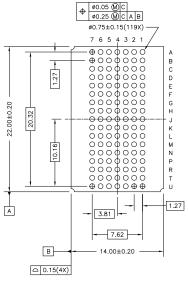




# **Package Diagram**

Figure 8. 119-ball PBGA (14 × 22 × 2.4 mm)





51-85115 \*C



# **Document History Page**

Docume Docume	ocument Title: CY7C1012DV33 12-Mbit (512 K × 24) Static RAM ocument Number: 38-05610							
Rev.	ECN No.	Orig. of Change	Submission Date	Description of Change				
**	250650	SYT	See ECN	New data sheet				
*A	469517	NXR	See ECN	Converted from Advance Information to Preliminary Corrected typo in the Document Title Removed –10 and –12 speed bins from product offering Changed J7 Ball of BGA from DNU to NC Removed Industrial Operating range from product offering Included the Maximum ratings for Static Discharge Voltage and Latch Up Current on page 3 Changed I <sub>CC(Max)</sub> from 220 mA to 150 mA Changed I <sub>SB1(Max)</sub> from 70 mA to 30 mA Changed I <sub>SB2(Max)</sub> from 40 mA to 25 mA Specified the Overshoot specification in footnote 1 Updated the Truth Table Updated the Ordering Information table				
*B	499604	NXR	See ECN	Added note 1 for NC pins Changed $I_{CC}$ specification from 150 mA to 185 mA Updated Test Condition for $I_{CC}$ in DC Electrical Characteristics table Added note for $t_{ACE}$ , $t_{HZCE}$ , $t_{PU}$ , $t_{PD}$ , and $t_{SCE}$ in AC Switching Characteristics Table on page 4				
*C	1462585	VKN	See ECN	Converted from preliminary to final Updated block diagram Changed I <sub>CC</sub> specification from 185 mA to 225 mA Updated thermal specs				
*D	2604677	VKN/PYRS	11/12/08	Removed Commercial operating range, Added Industrial operating range Removed 8 ns speed bin, Added 10 ns speed bin, Modified footnote# 3				
*E	3104943	AJU	12/08/2010	Added Ordering Code Definitions. Updated Package Diagram.				



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Document Number: 38-05610 Rev. \*E Revised December 8, 2010 Page 12 of 12